

An Example of Staining Cells for Multicolor Flow Cytometry

(Greg A. Perry, Ph.D.)

Let's say I want to look at T cell, B cell, Granulocyte and Macrophage populations in the spleens of 4 different mice, and I have the following 5 antibodies:

Population	Antigen	Clone	Fluorochrome	Dilution (from previous titration)
Helper T cells	CD4	GK1.5	APC	1:100
Cytotoxic T cells	CD8	53-6.7	PerCP	1:200
B Cells	CD45R (B220)	RA3-6B2	FITC	1:200
Granulocytes	Gr1 (Ly6b)	RA6-8C5	PE-Cy7	1:100
Macrophages	CD11b	M1/70	Biotin	1:50

Notice that one of my antibodies (CD11b) is a biotin conjugate, so I will be using the PE conjugate of StreptAvidin to visualize it on the cytometer.

First I make my 4 spleen cell preparations and adjust each of them to 2×10^7 cells/ml in PBS4. Then I begin the staining process...

I. Preliminary Steps – Diluting the Antibodies

A) I have a 5-color panel that I want to stain my samples with, and I know my dilutions.

- 1) Determine the total number of samples to be stained with each cocktail (**4 spleens**)
- 2) Determine the total volume of each cocktail (V_c) required for the experiment as:

$$\text{Total Cocktail volume needed } (V_c) = (4 \times 50\mu\text{l}) + 50\mu\text{l} = \mathbf{250\mu\text{l}}$$

- 3) Determine the amount of each antibody needed in the total volume to make the optimal concentration of that antibody (based on previous titration experiments)

I will be making 250 μl Total Volume of cocktail, so I will need the following amounts of antibody.

Antigen	Fluorochrome	Dilution (from previous titration)	Total Volume	Amount Needed
CD4	APC	1:100	250 μl	2.5 μl
CD8	PerCP	1:200	250 μl	1.25 μl
CD45R (B220)	FITC	1:200	250 μl	1.25 μl
Gr1 (Ly6b)	PE-Cy7	1:100	250 μl	2.5 μl
CD11b	Biotin	1:50	250 μl	5 μl

Note: You can determine the final amount by dividing the Final Volume by the dilution ratio. For example $250/100=2.5$; $250/200=1.25$, $250/50=5$, etc.

- 4) Add up the volumes from each antibody to get the total volume of antibody (V_a)

$$\text{Total Antibody volume } (V_a) = \mathbf{2.5 + 1.25 + 1.25 + 2.5 + 5 = 12.5\mu\text{l}}$$

- 5) Determine the amount of PBS4 (V_{PBS4}) needed for the cocktail

$$V_{PBS4} = 250 - 12.5 = 237.5\mu l$$

- 6) Make the cocktail by ...
- a) adding 237.5 μ l of PBS4 to a small tube
 - b) adding to the tube ...
 - i. 2.5 μ l of CD4^{APC}
 - ii. 1.25 μ l of CD8^{PerCP}
 - iii. 1.25 μ l of B220^{FITC}
 - iv. 2.5 μ l of Gr1^{PE-Cy7}
 - v. 5 μ l of CD11b^{Biotin}

B) I am using a biotin-conjugated primary antibody in this experiment. Six (6) tubes will receive the StreptAvidin-PE solution (4 samples + 2 controls) in step 5 of the staining protocol below. A previous titration has shown that the StreptAvidin-PE should be used at a dilution of 1:50. I need 600 μ l (6 tubes x 100 μ l each), so I will make a little bit more (650 μ l) in case my pipetter is not quite accurate. So I add 13 μ l of StreptAvidin-PE to 637 μ l of PBS4 in a small tube.

II. Controls

For this experiment I will need the following controls...

- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. Cells Only | 5. PerCP Only |
| 2. Avidin Only | 6. PE-Cy7 Only |
| 3. FITC Only | 7. APC Only |
| 4. PE Only | |

The antibodies I will be using are to common antigens, and each of them should be found on normal mouse spleen cells. Therefore, I can use cells for my controls (not CompBeads).

I will need to make up antibody dilutions for most of these controls (#'s 3-7). I will need to use 50 μ l of each single color antibody dilution in my staining protocol (step 2 below), so I will make a minimum of 100 μ l for each.

FITC Only Ab (B220^{FITC})

Dilution is 1:200. My pipette only accurately measures down to 1 μ l, so I will take out 1 μ l and add it to 199 μ l of PBS4. (This results in a total volume of 200 μ l. I only need to use 50 μ l, but 200 μ l is the least amount I can make accurately.)

PE Only Ab (CD11b^{Biotin})

Dilution is 1:50. I take out 2 μ l and add it to 98 μ l of PBS4.

PerCP Only Ab (CD8^{PerCP})

Dilution is 1:200. As with the B220^{FITC} antibody (FITC Only Ab) above, I take out 1 μ l and add it to 199 μ l of PBS4.

PE-Cy7 Only Ab (Gr1^{PE-Cy7})

Dilution is 1:100. I take out 1 μ l and add it to 99 μ l of PBS4.

APC Only Ab (CD4^{APC})

Dilution is 1:100. I take out 1 μ l and add it to 99 μ l of PBS4.

III. Staining Protocol

In this experiment I will have 4 mouse spleens each labeled with a 5-color cocktail, and 7 controls. Thus 11 total tubes (4+7=11). They will be labeled as follows...

- | | |
|----------------|--------------|
| 1. Cells Only | 7. APC Only |
| 2. Avidin Only | 8. Spleen 1 |
| 3. FITC Only | 9. Spleen 2 |
| 4. PE Only | 10. Spleen 3 |
| 5. PerCP Only | 11. Spleen 4 |
| 6. PE-Cy7 Only | |

I have made a table of what goes into each tube and placed it at the end of the protocol to summarize each tubes contents.

For convenience I will use spleen cells from Mouse 1 (a "normal" mouse) for all 7 control samples.

- 1) Place 50µl of the cells from ...
 - a. Mouse 1 into "Cells only", "Avidin only", "FITC only", "PE only", "PerCP only", "PE-Cy7 only", "APC only" and "Mouse 1" tubes.
 - b. Mouse 2 into "Mouse 2" tube.
 - c. Mouse 3 into "Mouse 3" tube.
 - d. Mouse 4 into "Mouse 4" tube.
- 2) Add ...
 - a. 50µl of the antibody cocktail to "Mouse 1", "Mouse 2", "Mouse 3" and "Mouse 4" tubes.
 - b. 50µl of FITC Only Ab antibody to "FITC Only" tube
 - c. 50µl of PE Only Ab antibody to "PE Only" tube
 - d. 50µl of PerCP Only Ab antibody to "PerCP Only" tube
 - e. 50µl of PE-Cy7 Only Ab antibody to "PE-Cy7 Only" tube
 - f. 50µl of APC Only Ab antibody to "APC Only" tube
 - g. 50µl of PBS4 to "Cells Only" tube
 - h. 50µl of PBS4 to "Avidin Only" tube
- 3) Incubate 30 minutes in the dark on ice.
- 4) Wash
 - a. Centrifuge for 3 minutes at 300g and 4°C.
 - b. Remove the supernatant from each tube with vacuum aspiration and a pulled Pasteur pipette.
 - c. Wash each tube by resuspending in 200µl of fresh cold PBS4.
 - d. Centrifuge for 3 minutes at 300g and 4°C.
 - e. Remove the supernatant from each tube with vacuum aspiration and a pulled Pasteur pipette.
 - f. Wash each tube by resuspending in 200µl of fresh cold PBS4.
 - g. Centrifuge for 3 minutes at 300g and 4°C.
 - h. Remove the supernatant from each tube with vacuum aspiration and a pulled Pasteur pipette.
- 5) Add...
 - a. 100µl of the diluted StreptAvidin-PE to the "Avidin Only", "PE Only", "Mouse 1", "Mouse 2", "Mouse 3" and "Mouse 4" tubes.
 - b. 100µl of PBS4 to the "Cells Only", "FITC Only", "PerCP Only", "PE-Cy7 Only" and "APC Only" tubes.
- 6) Incubate 5-15 minutes in the dark on ice.
- 7) Wash
 - a. Centrifuge for 3 minutes at 300g and 4°C.
 - b. Remove the supernatant from each tube with vacuum aspiration and a pulled Pasteur pipette.

- c. Wash each tube by resuspending in 200 μ l of fresh cold PBS4.
 - d. Centrifuge for 3 minutes at 300g and 4°C.
 - e. Remove the supernatant from each tube with vacuum aspiration and a pulled Pasteur pipette.
 - f. Wash each tube by resuspending in 200 μ l of fresh cold PBS4.
 - g. Centrifuge for 3 minutes at 300g and 4°C.
 - h. Remove the supernatant from each tube with vacuum aspiration and a pulled Pasteur pipette.
- 8) Resuspend the cells in 500 μ l of FACSfix.
 - 9) Store samples covered and refrigerated prior to analysis. Samples are best analyzed within 48 hours of completion of staining protocol.

What Goes Into Each Tube

Tube	Step 1: 50 μ l cells from ...	Step 2: 50 μ l	Step 5: 100 μ l
Cells Only	Mouse 1	PBS4	PBS4
Avidin Only	Mouse 1	PBS4	PE-StreptAvidin
FITC Only	Mouse 1	FITC Only Ab	PBS4
PE Only	Mouse 1	PE Only Ab	PE-StreptAvidin
PerCP Only	Mouse 1	PerCP Only Ab	PBS4
PE-Cy7 Only	Mouse 1	PE-Cy7 Only Ab	PBS4
APC Only	Mouse 1	APC Only Ab	PBS4
Mouse 1	Mouse 1	Cocktail	PE-StreptAvidin
Mouse 2	Mouse 2	Cocktail	PE-StreptAvidin
Mouse 3	Mouse 3	Cocktail	PE-StreptAvidin
Mouse 4	Mouse 4	Cocktail	PE-StreptAvidin